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# [Arm] SYStem.Up / SYStem.Attach returns "debug port fail"

2024-03-13 - [Comments \(5\)](#) - [Arm](#)

The error message "debug port fail" is returned when the TDO response is different from the expected one. Please follow the steps described below. If the error persists, then send the result of your diagnosis to [support@lauterbach.com](mailto:support@lauterbach.com)

The same diagnosis also applies for the error messages "debug port time-out" and "subcore communication time-out".

## Start-up script / CPU selection

- Check first if there is a start-up script available for the used chip/board. If yes, use this script. Search also for a script under <https://www.lauterbach.com/scripts.html>
- If you don't find a start-up script, contact [support@lauterbach.com](mailto:support@lauterbach.com) to verify if a script is available. If a start-up script is available, read the prerequisites at the start of the script or readme.txt (if available).
- Please check also if the used CPU selection is correct. If you do not find a CPU selection for the used chip, check if the processor is supported by TRACE32 using the search on the Lauterbach website or contact [support@lauterbach.com](mailto:support@lauterbach.com).

## Next things to check

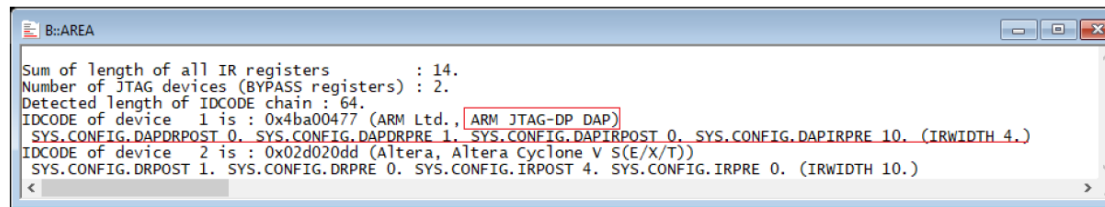
- If the "debug port fail" error occurred after a **SYStem.Up** command, test if **SYStem.Mode Attach** then **Break** delivers the same error. If you don't get an error, then the **SYStem.Up** issue is probably related to reset options.
- The target might be in an unrecoverable state. Re-power the target and retry.
- In SMP setups, test if the connection works after assigning only the first core (**CORE.ASSIGN 1**). For some chips, the first core is not the boot core. This is especially valid for big.LITTLE systems. Try to connect using the second core (**CORE.ASSIGN 2**). If connection is possible with the used core, then the other cores have to be activated by the target code.
- Try to connect with a low JTAG frequency (e.g. test with **SYStem.JtagClock 100Khz**) then optimize the JTAG clock if connection with low frequency is possible. If ARM7, ARM9 or ARM11 is used, try to connect with **SYStem.JtagClock RTCK**
- Check if the correct debug port is selected (JTAG / SWD / cJTAG): **SYStem.CONFIG DEBUGPORTTYPE**

## Detect the Daisy Chain (JTAG/cJTAG only)

Execute **SYStem.DETECT DaisyChain** in Down mode and check the **AREA** window. If the detection fails, please re-power the target and retry with **SYStem.Option EnRest OFF**.

## Success:

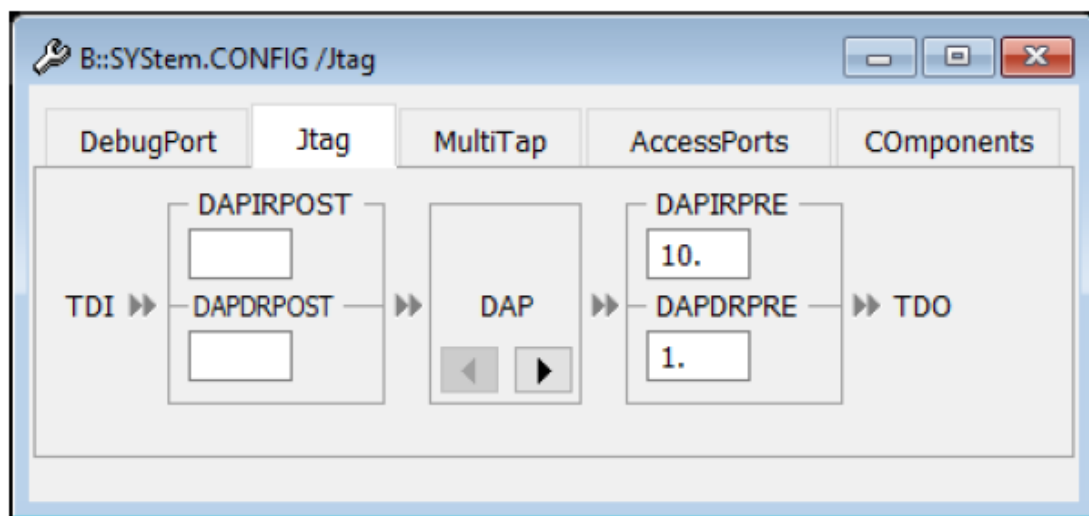
If the daisy chain can be correctly detected, then the PRE- / POST-settings are printed in the **AREA** window:



```
B::AREA
Sum of length of all IR registers      : 14.
Number of JTAG devices (BYPASS registers) : 2.
Detected length of IDCODE chain : 64.
IDCODE of device 1 is : 0x4ba00477 (ARM Ltd., ARM JTAG-DP DAP)
SYS.CONFIG.DAPDRPOST 0. SYS.CONFIG.DAPDRPRE 1. SYS.CONFIG.DAPIRPOST 0. SYS.CONFIG.DAPIRPRE 10. (IRWIDTH 4.)
IDCODE of device 2 is : 0x02d020dd (Altera, Altera Cyclone V S(E/X/T))
SYS.CONFIG.DRPOST 1. SYS.CONFIG.DRPRE 0. SYS.CONFIG.IRPOST 4. SYS.CONFIG.IRPRE 0. (IRWIDTH 10.)
```

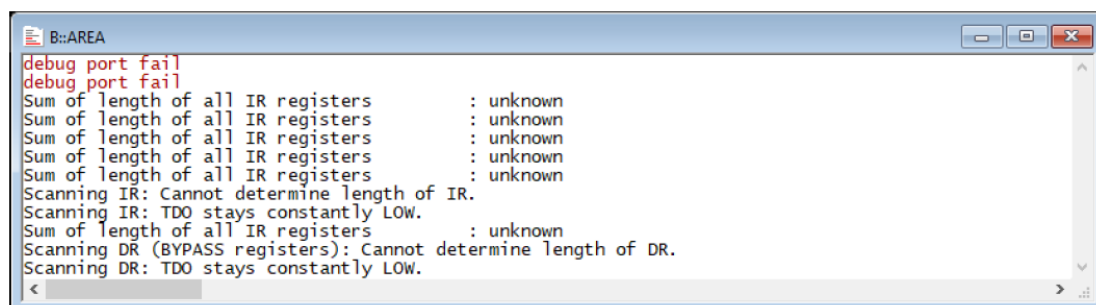
The detection should discover here a device called "ARM JTAG-DP DAP".

Check in this case if the DAP PRE- and POST-settings under **SYStem.CONFIG /JTAG** are correct:



## Failure

In case the daisy chain cannot be detected, then an error is returned and/or the message "TDO stays constantly LOW/HIGH" is printed to the **AREA** window:



```
B::AREA
debug port fail
debug port fail
Sum of length of all IR registers      : unknown
Sum of length of all IR registers      : unknown
Sum of length of all IR registers      : unknown
Sum of length of all IR registers      : unknown
Sum of length of all IR registers      : unknown
Scanning IR: Cannot determine length of IR.
Scanning IR: TDO stays constantly LOW.
Sum of length of all IR registers      : unknown
Scanning DR (BYPASS registers): Cannot determine length of DR.
Scanning DR: TDO stays constantly LOW.
```

If the DAP PRE and POST settings are correct and the problem persists, go to "**Try to access the DAP**".

## Check list:

- Are the jumper/switch settings correct? Check the target schematics and documentation
- Verify the physical connection by checking the target schematics: are the debug signals correctly connected to the debug header?

- Verify the signal levels.
  - nTRST should not be connected to GND. If the signal is pulled down, it must be ensured that the debugger has a connection to TRST and can pull it up. Especially with connectors that allow two connections: nTRST and nTRST pulldown (MIPI20D, MIPI34, MIPI60), it is possible, if adapters are used, that only one (the wrong) signal is connected.
  - Serial resistors for TMS/TDI/TCK should be avoided. A 22 or 47 Ohm serial resistor (only) for TDO is OK.
- Verify if JTAG signals are multiplexed. Check in this case if the correct mode is selected.
- Verify if the correct target power supply is used
  - check the voltage properties of the power supply and the target
  - cross-check with a different power supply. The used target power supply might be defective.
- If there is a watchdog that needs to be deactivated (refer to chip/target documentation).
- If nothing of these helps, make a scope plot of the signals TDI/TDO/TMS/TCK when doing a **SYStem.Up** / **SYStem.Mode Attach**.
  - If you don't see any activity on one of these signals, then you need to check the target schematics.
  - Signal reflections, e.g. caused by stubs, could cause a wrong detection (multi-clocks) of the TCK signal on the chip side.

## Try to access the DAP

Continue with this step only if the JTAG detection is successful.

- Set the correct CPU selection
- Execute the script [access\\_dap.cmx](#) with the following command: D0DECRYPT "debug\_port\_fail" access\_dap.cmx
- Check the **AREA** window (menu View > Message Area)

If accessing the DAP is successful, continue with "**Try to access the core base**".

## Try to access the core debug base

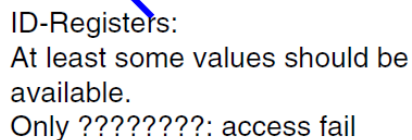
Continue with this step only if the JTAG detection is successful and the DAP can be successfully accessed.

Re-power the target and execute the following commands in a script:

```
SYStem.Down
SYStem.Option.EnReset OFF
SYStem.Mode Prepare
IF ADDRESS.OFFSET(COREBASE())!=0
(
  PRIVATE &lsrc
```

)

**Data.dump** window displays data



Error returned or **Data.dump** window displays ????????

- Core might be kept in reset, has no power, no clock, or is secured.
- Core might be in power saving (sleep) mode.
- A watchdog might be enabled and accessing the target after booting is not possible. Check the target documentation.
- If the CoreSight settings are done in a script using the **SYSTEM.CONFIG** commands, then the core base address might be wrong. Check processor documentation if available.

- ## Attachments

- [access dap.cmx \(1.43 KB\)](#)

## Comments (5)

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CA **Charanteja Abbavathini**

1 year ago

Hi, I am trying to debug qnx bsp on zcu102 board after executing the .cmx files i see some ?? for one of the dap address. when the .cmx file was executed it showed dap can be successfully accessed. but when i try to connect debugger to cpu it gives me the same debug port failed.

**Ahmed Regaieg**

1 year ago

Hello Mr. Charanteja, Thank you for reaching out. In response to your inquiry regarding this issue, we will be sending you a private message. Please keep an eye on your inbox. Best regards, Ahmed

y **yusheng**

1 month ago

Success to access the DAP but fail to access the core debug base. debug port fail happen in line "IF (Data.Long(COREBASE()+0xFB4)&0x3)==0x3" why?

y **yusheng**

1 month ago

Success to access the DAP but fail to access the core debug base. debug port fail happen in line "IF (Data.Long(COREBASE()+0xFB4)&0x3)==0x3" why?

y **yusheng**

1 month ago

Data.dump window displays data. Most of values are available, but FA0 8 bytes are ??????? ???????